

# **Sector S20 Experimental Laser**

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#### **FACET-II Experimental Laser Requirement**



Parameter	Range	Units
Energy	30-AHAP	mJ
Duration	40	fs fwhm

Oscillator -> Regen -> MPA ->MPA

- First three laser are a common SLAC platform
- 20 m transport from laser room to tunnel
  - Through 3 temperature zones
- Serves 20+ Experiments
  - Laser split in two in tunnel to generate 'probe' beam
  - 'probe' beam then split in 4
- e-beam / laser stability of <100 fs rms
  - e-beam + laser 'collide'

simultaneously in 5 locations in IP area

Experimental laser configured to meet diverse scientific needs

#### **Current and Expected Performance**

Function	Goal	Limits? Why?
Upgrades	Deformable Mirror Transport	
Power-amp Pump [J]	2.6	
Power-amp Output [J]	0.8	30% from pump to output
Beam Transport Input [J]	0.7	90% Expected due to polarizer
Compressor Input [J](beam transport output)	0.6	65% measured at FACET 90% Expected from transport input to compressor (11 optics @ 99% 21 optics at 99.5%)
Minimum Beam Size @ Compressor [radius, cm]	1.7	Set by gratings damage threshold 1.8 J@ 6 cm max input measured at MEC 8" gratings required for 60 mm beams
Pulse Length Before Compression [ps] [FWHM]	150.0	Set by B Integral in amplifier crystal \DeltaB < ?
Compressor Output [J]	0.44	65% measured at FACET 70% expected
Pulse Duration after compression (fwhm) [fs]	40.0	<40 fs requires spectral shaping Measured after regen
Peak Power [TW]	11.1	
Intensity* [10 <sup>18</sup> W/cm^2]	73.5	3 um focus
a0*	5.8	3 um focus

#### Well characterized stable operations are quantified and prioritized

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## **Upgrades, Features and Capabilities**

- Only 1 window (FACET had...8?)
  - Source of a lot of aberrations in the beam at FACET
- Closed loop wavefront correction in Laser Room
- Open loop wavefront optimization in tunnel
- Energy Control (Waveplate + polarizer)
- Online laser "health" monitor
- Upgrade HVAC system
- Active monitoring of pointing through gallery transport
  - Source of majority of laser drift at FACET
  - So far have demonstrated 20x reduction in drift

Upgrades following FACET experience will address more demanding needs from the FACET-II User Program





#### **Timeline to develop capabilities**

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	Oct 2020		Nov 2020		Dec 2020		Jan 2021	Feb 2021
S20 Vacuum Work								
SAGAs								
S20 Optics Rebuild (including DM)					Me	asure li	nput into Transpoi	ť
Experimental Area laser vacuum work								
<i>Compressor Install/ Alignment</i>	Ν	Measu	ire Compi	ressor C	Dutp <mark>ut </mark>	ے ج	Liser Checks S	tart
Experimental Area Optics Install								
Experimental Area Optics Alignment								
Transport Alignment Testing								•
Checkout DM in Experimental Area					Ν	Aeasure	e smallest spot siz Experiment <mark>s B</mark>	e sin

### **Current Work: SAGAs**



SAGA performance in 2016 was unfortunate

- Day-to-day energy stability was not great
- Issue traced to loss of capabilities from vendor

Work to improve stability since 2016:

- Upgraded water system: new filters and added resistivity monitors
- Characterizing energy output inside SAGA (Osc, Amp, Green)
- New sources for components (lamps and laser medium)
- SAGA 2 operational, examining SAGA 1



End the saga of the SAGAs with careful measurement and monitoring

Transport Reconfiguration lead by Robert Ariniello Probe line lead by Henrik Ekerfelt

## Current Work: Laser room and transport injection modifications



Cutting out windows required reworking laser transport

- New shutters
- New lenses
- Incorporate Deformable Mirror
  + wavefront sensor
- Cameras to align laser to DM
- Cameras to align laser to transport
- HeNe for 'always on' transport monitoring

Transport reconfiguration necessary to meet laser quality needs

#### **Current Work: Deformable Mirror**

- System uses wavefront sensors and focus optimizer 'pharao' (just a camera)
- Initial tests show 2x intensity from wavefront sensor, 1.3x more with Pharao
- For operations:
  - Wavefront sensor in laser room
  - Pharao camera in tunnel
- DM operation, procedures and simulations quickly reaching maturity



\* Reflected wavefront error is  $\lambda/2$  at 633nm \*\* Reflected wavefront error is  $\lambda$  at 633nm

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Deformable mirror enables laser to meet highest intensity requirements at FACET-II

by ~1000 times)

Regen beam (~1cm diameter, attenuated

L1, FL=-10cm

#### **Current Work: Laser Monitoring System**

#### rStatusTableGUI@facet-srv01

-	Lasar Departs (IV of art)	Current	15 Min Date	1 11 010
	Caser Property (% of ret)	Current	15 Min. KMS	I Hr. KMS
1	Centraid Offret [mm] (x x)	2510	0 42 0 47	05105
6	Centroid Offset [mm] (x,y)	2.5,1.9	0.43,0.47	0.51,0.5
5	Spot Size (mm) (x,y)	0.2,0.8	0.39,0.14	0.86,0.21
9	Energy (m)W PMC (91 Pages (PMC)	3.7	1.5	0.45.4.6
2	Pagan Output	380	0.26,5	0.45,4.6
•	Centroid Offset [mm] (x y)	2211	0.0.0.11	1606
-	Centroid Offset [mm] (x,y)	2.2,1.1	0.8,0.11	1.6,0.6
8	Spot Size (mm) (x,y)	0.6,0.69	0.036,0.062	0.065,0.09
9	Frances (m) PMC (%) Para as (PMC)	7.3	2.1	2.2
10	Energy (m), KMS (%),Kange/KMS)	4.4	0.27,6.2	0.33,6.1
11	MPA Output	1015		
12	Centroid Offset [mm] (x,y)	1.9,1.5	0.87,1.2	1.2,1.7
13	Spot Size [mm] (x,y)	0.81,1.1	0.17,0.31	0.19,0.32
14	Nonuniformity	10	2.4	2.4
15	Energy (mJ, KMS [%],Range/KMS)	14	0.65,6.1	0.82,6.4
16	Compressor Output			
17	Centroid Offset [mm] (x,y)	2.3,1.1	0.85,1.1	1.1,1.5
18	Spot Size [mm] (x,y)	2.7,2.8	0.34,0.35	0.34,0.48
19	Nonuniformity	8.7	2	2.1
20	Energy (mJ, RMS [%],Range/RMS)	5	0.68,6.2	0.87,9.5
21	UV Conv. Output			
22	Centroid Offset [mm] (x,y)	1.9,1.2	1.2,1.5	1.6,1.9
23	Spot Size [mm] (x,y)	0.34,0.39	0.16,0.2	0.19,0.22
24	Nonuniformity	7.9	2	2.1
25	Energy (mJ, RMS [%],Range/RMS)	0.18	2.3,6.2	2.9,6.1
26	UV Iris Output			
27	Centroid Offset [mm] (x,y)	2.7,2.4	1.2,1.1	1.5,1.4
28	Spot Size [mm] (x,y)	1.8,2.3	0.19,0.38	0.19,0.48
29	Nonuniformity	17	1.9	1.9
30	Energy (mJ, RMS [%],Range/RMS)	0.043	2.1,6.4	2.7,6
31	VCC			
32	Centroid Offset [mm] (x,y)	3.2,2.5	12,14	21,19
33	Spot Size [mm] (x,y)	0.045,0.049	2,1.9	2.1,2.3
34	Nonuniformity	9.2	6.1	6.8
35	Energy (mJ, RMS [%],Range/RMS)	0.16	0.67,5.9	0.75,6.2
36	Temperature [deg F]	72	0.013	0.029
37	Humidity [%]	51	0.91	1.9



#### Constant vigilance, alert to subtle changes to prevent downtime

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#### **Current Work: Transport Feedback**

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Pointing from laser room into IP area subject to thermal effects

- Time scale ~10 minutes during sunrise and sunset
- 7 cameras along 16 meters of transport to monitor and correct

Feedback reduces long time scale drift by 10-15x

- 'hold the beam' while setting up
- Automate transport alignment



Consistent, faster laser alignment compared to FACET

#### **Current Work: Compressor Upgrade**



Path to 40 TW with little resistance

- Compressor box easily handles larger gratings - 2x the area of previous box
- Transport mirrors would need to get larger
- SAGA pump lasers replaced by GAIA

Function	40 TW (Gratings set limit)
Upgrades	<i>Optimal Present + GAIA 8" gratings</i>
Power-amp Pump [J]	7.5
Power-amp Output [J]	2.3
Beam Transport Input [J]	2.0
<i>Compressor Input [J] (beam transport output)</i>	1.8
<i>Minimum Beam Size @</i> Compressor [radius, cm]	3.0
Pulse Length Before Compression [ps] [FWHM]	150.0
Compressor Output [J]	1.28
Pulse Duration after compression (fwhm) [fs]	35.0
Peak Power [TW]	36.5
Intensity* [1018 W/cm^2]	242.4
a0*	10.6

SLA0

Larger Compressor vacuum box accommodates long range upgrades